CHEMIEQ

# Filter Breakthrough Indicator (BTI LFF)

For Acetone, Acetonitrile, Chloroform, DCM, Ethanol, Ethyl acetate, HFIP, Methanol, Phenol, Sulfolane and THF Vapors

(PN: 103-0000)



## 1. Application

The Breakthrough Indicator (PN: 103-0000) is qualitative (yes/no) colorimetric indicator for the exhaustion and end-of-service life of low-flow filters. The indicator is designed to provide real-time indication of the breakthrough of HPLC solvents vapors, including:

- a. Acetone
- b. Acetonitrile
- c. Chloroform
- d. DCM/Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane)
- e. Ethanol
- f. Ethyl Acetate
- g. HFIP Hexafluoroisopropanol
- h. Methanol
- i.Phenol

j.Sulfolane

k. THF (Tetrahydrofuran)

#### 2. Specifications

#### 2.1. Overall Specification

| a. | Weight:                   | 3.8g (0.14oz)                          |  |
|----|---------------------------|--|--|
| b. | Dimensions:               | 79mm (3.1in), diameter: 10mm (0.39in)  |  |
| c. | Operating temperature:    | 4°C to 35°C (39°F to 95°F)             |  |
| d. | Operating humidity:       | 5% RH to 85%RH                         |  |
| e. | Minimum detectable limit: | See performance specifications (2.2.)  |  |
| f. | Color change:             | Orange to red                          |  |
| g. | Storage temperature:      | 4°C to 25°C, (39°F to 77°F)            |  |
| h. | Service life:             | 1 year                                 |  |
| i. | Shelf life:               | 14 Mon. at 4°C to 25°C, (39°F to 77°F) |  |
|    |                           |  |  |

## 2.2. Performance Specification

To determine the sensitivity of the breakthrough indicator, a solution/mixture of 10% solvent in water was bubbled with ambient air at a flow rate of 5cc/min. The airflow was passed through the breakthrough indicator until a color change was observed. The elapsed time to observe the first noticeable and the final colors for the respective organic solvent is depicted in the table below.

## 2.3. Cross interferences

Basic vapors in high concentrations impair the performance of the organic vapors breakthrough indicator. Acid vapors in high concentrations produce color similar to organic vapors. No other interferences are known.

| Columnt                    | Breakthrough Detection Time     |                      |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| (10% in Water)             | First Noticeable Color<br>(min) | Final Color<br>(min) |
| Acetone                    | 10                              | 30                   |
| Acetonitrile               | 10                              | 30                   |
| Chloroform                 | 2                               | 5                    |
| Ethanol                    | 2                               | 5                    |
| Ethyl acetate              | 2                               | 5                    |
| HFIP Hexafluoroisopropanol | 1                               | 4                    |
| Methanol                   | 2                               | 5                    |
| Methylene chloride         | 2                               | 4                    |
| Phenol                     | 4                               | 12                   |
| Sulfolane                  | 8                               | 17                   |
| Tetrahydrofuran            | 10                              | 20                   |

## 3. Operating Instructions

- a. Ensure that packaging pouch is intact.
- b. Open packaging pouch by tearing off the top part from one of side notches.
- c. Remove breakthrough Indicator from packaging pouch.
- d. Remove the ¾" plug from the filter outlet lid.
- e. Remove the protective red plug to activate the breakthrough indicator.

Attach Breakthrough Indicator into filter outlet (closed pores foam adapter is required; please contact us for details).



Caution: Only hand-tie indicator into filter outlet

f. Replace filter when the Breakthrough Indicator changes color to red.