

H300 Sequential Sterilization Wrap

The Choice of Sterile Processing Professionals for *More Than 30 years*.

Since 1978, HALYARD* Sequential Sterilization Wrap, made of strong reliable SMS nonwoven fabric, has been helping keep sterilized instruments and supply sets ready for use at a moment's notice. The company pioneered the development of SMS fabric and today is one of the largest global suppliers. HALYARD *Sterilization Wrap was invented in the US and is still fully manufactured here, in our own facilities.

- Tear, flame, lint and abrasion-resistant
- Powerguard* technology for enhanced microbial barrier protection
- Pre-vacuum steam sterilant penetration
- Ethylene oxide (eo) sterilant penetration and residuals
- Maintenance of package integrity (mpi) to meet fda requirements
- Class 1 flammability rating
- Low linting
- Made in the USA

For-Basin sets, instrument sets, procedure trays and large linen packs. Total weight = 6 - 9 lbs.

Thomas No.	Mfr. No.	Description	Qty/Size
21A00D408	10818	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 18in. X 18in. (45cm X 45cm)	1000/Cs
21A00D409	10824	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 24in. X 24in. (60cm X 60cm)	500/Cs
21A00D410	10830	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 30in. X 30in. (76cm X 76cm)	300/Cs
21A00D411	10836	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 36in. X 36in. (91cm X 91cm)	300/Cs
21A00D412	10840	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 40in. X 40 in. (101cm X 101cm)	250/Cs
21A00D413	10845	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 45in. X 45in. (114cm X 114cm)	
21A00D414	10848	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 48in. X 48in. (121cm X 121cm)	100/Cs
21A00D415	10854	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 54in. X 54in. (137cm X 137cm)	100/Cs
21A00D416	10872	Sequential H300 Sterilization Wrap, 54in. X 72in. (137cm X 182cm)	100/Cs



HALYARD* Sequential Sterilization Wrap

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES TEST METHODOLOGY AND RESULTS FOR HALYARD* H300 SEQUENTIAL STERILIZATION WRAP

Test	Methodology	Interpretation of Results	HALYARD* H300 Sequential Sterilization Wrap Results ¹⁹
Bacterial Filtration Efficiency	Staphylococcus aureus particles are aerosolized and sprayed onto the fabric. Results are reported as percent efficiency and correlate with the ability of the fabric to resist bacterial penetration. ^{20,21}	Higher numbers in this test indicate better barrier efficiency.	99.9% ²²
Grab Tensile	Force is applied to the test fabric until the fabric breaks. The force required to break the fabric – grab tensile load – is measured. Results are reported as pounds of force required to break the fabric. The lower result of CD or MD direction is reported. ²³	Higher numbers indicate a stronger fabric.	36.7 lbs ²⁴
Resistance to Linting	In a controlled environment, a 9"X9" sample of fabric is clamped inside a Gelbo Dry Particle Generator. It is then flexed one time ev- ery second for a period of five minutes. Particles generated during the test period are counted using a laser particle counter. Results are expressed as the average number of lint particles generated greater than 10 microns in size. ²⁶	Lower numbers in this test indicate less lint, which is desirable in the operating room environment.	1 particles ²⁴
Hydrostatic Pressure	The fabric sample is clamped onto the bottom of a vertical column, into which water is poured. When leakage is observed on the underside of the fabric, the amount of water in the column is measured. Results are expressed in millibar (mbar) of water pressure a fabric can repel before leaking. ²⁶	A higher number indicates greater resistance to water penetration.	85.2 mbar ²⁴
Flammability	The fabric sample is held at a 45° angle and a standardized flame is applied to the bottom edge of the specimen for 30 seconds or until sustained ignition occurs, whichever comes sooner. Four classes are recognized by the National Fire Prevention Association (NFPA) for fabrics used for clothing: Class 1: Slow burning fabrics which have a flame spread time of 20 seconds or more. Class 2: Moderately flammable fabrics which have a flame spread time of 8 to 19 seconds inclusive. Class 3: Relatively flammable fabrics which have a flame spread time of 3 to 7 seconds inclusive. Class 4: Dangerously flammable fabrics which have a flame spread time of less than 3 seconds. Results are reported by classification and seconds until sustained ignition. ²⁷	A lower class (longer time) indicates a more flameresistant fabric.	Class 1 (30 sec.) ²⁴

References:

19 The above results are averages based upon testing of representative samples selected randomly from distribution. Since HALYARD ONE-STEP* sterilization wrap consists of two layers bonded together; all testing was conducted on two layers.

20 Nelson Laboratories, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, "Bacterial Filtration Efficiency," Procedure No. SOP/ARO/007I.1.

21 ASTM F2101-07. "Standard Test Method for Evaluating the Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE) of Medical Face Mask Materials, Using a Biological Aerosol of Staphylococcus aureus" 2007. 22 Test data generated by Nelson Laboratories, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah via lab # 421673.

23 ASTM D5034-95(2001). "Standard Test Method for Breaking Strength and Elongation of Textile Fabrics (Grab Test)" 2001.

24 Test data generated by Integrated Paper Services, Neenah, WI via request # 9051.

25 INDA Standard test IST 160.1:1995, "Resistance to Linting of Nonwoven Fabrics," 1995.

26 AATCC 127-2003. "Water Resistance: Hydrostatic Pressure Test" 2003. "Standard Test Method for Repellency of Nonwoven Fabrics Using the Hydrostatic Pressure Test", IST 80.4, INDA Standard Tests.

27 NFPA 702-1980. "Flammability of wearing apparel".

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